***Privacy, Security, and Surveillance in the Global South: A Study of Biometric Mobile SIM Registration in Bangladesh***

***Summarization:***

Among 4.6 billion mobile users 52.7% browse Internet which increases cybercrimes rapidly. Bangladesh Government initiated biometric SIM registration program in December, 2015. Aim of this program has to verify the real owner of SIM using NID and help to unearth the real criminal. S. I. Ahmed, M. R. Hoque, S. Guha, M. R. Rifat, and N. Dell demonstrate about the ownership, user identity, exploitation, also security and safety concerns that challenged this program. Western world preserves users privacy rights where Bangladesh is lagging behind. Their online survey concluded that 77% participants dislike the SIM registration system. Only 15% supported and 4% ignored the survey.

***Biometric Implementations and the Implications for Security and Privacy***

***Summarization:***

V. Andronikou, D. S. Demetis, T. Varvarigou, I. Group, and H. Street described the design complexity, security issues, personal attacks (PA), indicators and factors of biometric systems. How biometric encryption works, what concepts are identified by Electronic Privacy Information Centre (EPIC) and the panacea of those are also covered and highlighted here. The result of this study shows that more research needed to focus on technical domain and biometrics are not only the part of solution but also problem. The real life challenges and their linkage to social, economic and political era are still untouched in this study.